## Contents

Ack	nowledgements	ix
Introduction		xiii
	I. Forests, Deforestation, State, Legitimation, and Settlement Pattern	
1.	Of Tribes, Hunters and Barbarians: Forest Dwellers in the Mauryan Period Aloka Parasher-Sen	3
2.	Wilderness and Kingship in Ancient South Asia Nancy E. Falk	17
3.	The Study of Settlement Patterns in the Cōla Period: Some Perspectives  R. Champakalakshmi	23
4.	An Aspect of Rural Landscape in the Rashtrakuta Kingdom Shyam Narayan Lal	43
	II. Water Resources, Irrigation, and Landscapes	
5.	Natural Resources and Human Settlements: Perceiving the Environment in India Ranabir Chakravarti	55

6.	Patronage and Irrigation in Tamil Nadu: A Long-Term View David Ludden	63
7.	Pastoralism as Reflected in the Classical Tamil Theory of Landscapes  Kamil V. Zvelebil	72
	III. Cult Traditions, Topography, and Perceptions	
8.	Landscapes in Conflict, Flocks, Hero-Stones, and Cult in Early Medieval Maharashtra Ajay Dandekar	81
9.	In Which Part of South Asia did the Early Brahmanical Tradition (1st Millennium BC) Take its Form?  Kumkum Roy	104
10.	Perceiving the Forest: Early India Romila Thapar	142
11.	Tirthas and Acculturation: An Anthropological Study Vijay Nath	161
	IV. Agricultural Expansion, Pastoralism, and Ecology	
12.	Early South Indian Society and Economy: The Tinai Concept  K. Sivathamby	175
13.	Agrarian Expansion  R.S. Sharma	181
14.	Geographical Setting and Agrarian Economy V.K. Jain	193
15.	Ethnohistory of Pastoralism: A Study of Kuruvas and Gollas  M.L.K. Murty	205
16.	Settlements and Economy Nayanjot Lahiri	216

## V. BOTANY IN EARLY INDIA

17. Life, Forests, and Plant Sciences in Ancient India  Anil Rawat	245
Bibliography	
Notes on Contributors	